

History Knowledge Organiser



Roman Britain



Key Concepts

- Empire
- Chronology
- Civilisation
- Legacy
- Justice, Law, Parliament, Democracy
- Conquest and Invasion
- Trade

Sticky Knowledge

- In 55 B.C. Julius Caesar invaded Britain with two Roman legions. The Romans fought several battles against different Celtic tribes before returning to Gaul (France).
- In 43 AD Emperor Claudius launched a third and final invasion of Britain.
- The Romans had various reasons for wanting to invade Britain including acquisition of cattle, gold, tin and iron.
- Boudicca was the queen of the Iceni people of eastern England.
- Boudicca led a major uprising against the Romans.
- The Romans built walled cities, paved streets, architecture, aqueducts, amphitheatres, theatres and school.
- They have influenced our cities, our politics, our culture and our art.
- 400 AD marked the end of Roman rule in Britain.

Vocabulary

- **Rebellion** - the act of disobeying rules or fighting against authority.
- **Uprising** - rebelling and rising up against authority (those in charge).
- **Architecture** - the style and way of designing buildings .
- **Democracy** - a form of government in which power rests with the people of that area through people they have fairly voted into power.
- **Republic** - a government whose head is an elected or chosen person and not a monarch such as a king or queen.
- **Social status** - a person's standing or importance in relation to other people within a society.
- **Emperor** - the male ruler of an empire.
- **Continuity** – an unbroken or uninterrupted series.